General Notes



Introduction

Couplings create connections between drive shafts and driven shafts in order to transmit rotary motion and torque. For example, they are used to combine the shafts of motors and transmissions into a single drive unit.

Alongside the primary purpose of transmitting torque, couplings also carry out other important tasks:

- Compensating for shaft offsets and misalignments
- Absorbing runout errors and axial motions
- Damping vibrations and shocks

Couplings are used in a very wide range of applications. The spectrum ranges from simple drives to complex control, regulation and measurement applications.

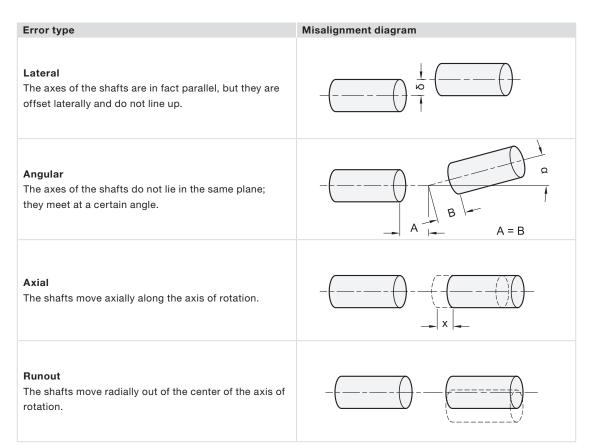
Misalignment and runout tolerances

Like all mechanical parts, shafts are subjected to manufacturing and assembly tolerances that generally cannot be entirely eliminated even with extensive technical measures.

If these deviations are not taken into account in the design, the result can be vibrations, running noises, and wear or damage to the shafts and their bearings.

Suitable couplings not only are able to effectively compensate for misalignment and runout errors, they also greatly simplify the assembly process, thereby reducing the overall labor required.

Shaft misalignment and runout errors can vary in nature and should always be taken into consideration when selecting the appropriate coupling.





Areas of application - Classes - Coupling types 5 The applications of couplings can generally be divided into two classes. Motion control Torque and power transmission For motion control applications, the rotational movement For torque and power transmission, the focus lies on pure 2 transmission of force. This requires couplings that can is transmitted with very high precision and accuracy. This က် withstand high torques and heavy loads while functioning requires a coupling type with a high torsional stiffness and reliably in harsh conditions. zero backlash in the direction of rotation. Typical applications are: Typical applications are: Conveyor systems, pumps and agitators, packaging Servo or stepper motors for linear axes, industrial robots, machines, etc. test benches, etc. . ເ ເ ന് S ന് Two coupling types are available for each of the application classes described above. Bellows couplings and beam couplings Elastomer jaw couplings and oldham couplings

